HARI VIDYA BHAVAN QUIZ # 18

Opposites (विलोम)

PARENTS: YOU CAN USE WORDS YOU ARE FAMILIAR WITH

Section I is for PurvaGomti

Section I and Section II are for Gomti 1, Gomti 2, and Kaveri

Section II and Section III are for Narmada and Krishna I

Section III and Section IV are for Krishna II

Section IV and Section V are for Ganga

Section I- VOCABULARY (शब्द कोष)

1. In	अन्दर (Andar) 📢))	Out	बाहर(Baahar) 📢))
2. Up	ऊपर (Oopar) 🜓)	Down	नीचे(Neeche) 🜓))
Section II-			
1. Small	छोटा (Chhota) 📆))	Big	बड़ा(Badaa) 📢))
2. Long	छोटा (Chhota) ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑ)) लम्बा (Lamba) ੑੑੑੑੑੑ))	Short	ठिगना(Thigana) <mark>→</mark> ⟩))
3. Fat	मोटा (Motaa)	Thin	पतला(Thin)
Section III-			
1. Light	हलका (Halkaa) 📢))	Heavy	भारी(BharI) 📢))
2. Far	दूर (Door) 📢)))	Near	पास(Paas) 📢))
3. High	ऊँचा (OOnchá) 📢))	Low	नीचा(Neecha) (🍎))

Section IV-

- 1. Upright, straight सीधा (Seedha) ()) Upside down, reverse उल्टा(Ultaa)())
- 2. Right सही (SahI) ◄)) Wrong गलत(Galat) →))
- 3. Much, abundant अधिक (Adhik) (Adhik) Less, deficient कम(Kam) (Nam) (

Section V- SENTENCE FROM ENGLISH TO HINDI AND MAKE YOUR OWN SENTENCES ALSO.

- 1. She reads a book वह एक पुस्तक पढती है 📢 है resent normal tense
- 2. She is reading a book
 3. She has read a book
 वह एक पुस्तक पढ रही है (१) Present continuous tense
 चह एक पुस्तक पढ चुकी है (१) Present completed tense
- 4. She has read a book उसने एक पुस्तक पढली है 📢 🔌 Índirect Present completed tense